

SUMMARY OF ITEM FOR ACTION, INFORMATION OR DISCUSSION

TOPIC: Biennial Nonexempt Market Salary Survey Report — Nonexempt Staff Employees

Salary Structure

COMMITTEE: Committee of the Whole

DATE OF COMMITTEE MEETING: April 25, 2011

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Board Policy VII-9.11, a market study of Nonexempt salaries within the framework of the USM salary structure was recently conducted. A comprehensive review of the Nonexempt Pay Program—principles, salary structure, markets, and policies management was conducted. All market data to increase the structure were from fall 2010 survey data. Appropriate resources and time were committed to this examination.

Based on the results of the biennial survey, an increase to the structure could have been recommended as illustrated in the attachment. However, in light of the long-term national economic downturn and the funding levels available to the USM in FY 2012, it is recommended that no modification to the nonexempt salary structure be made at this time. While we recognize that this recommendation would leave the USM nonexempt salary structure below market levels, the USM cannot sustain the approximately \$3.3 million fiscal impact of adjusting the structure to align with the market under current conditions.

Key points:

- The USM is committed to survey the market on a biennial basis.
- A guiding principle according to Board Policy: "...maintain the Midpoint of Salary Ranges...equal to the current average salary paid for comparable job classes within the appropriate job market."
- The structure is established to meet the market at the mid point of the pay ranges, a standing principle of the Nonexempt Pay Program. Depending on the MOU language within agreements, it may not be necessary to negotiate any changes with the unions.

The next review will take place in the fall of 2012 for proposed implementation effective July 2013. If the State provides a COLA for FY 2013, the minimum of the state structure will increase accordingly and the USM's minimum, if necessary, will have to be increased as well.

ALTERNATIVE(S): The Board's options include bringing the structure fully up to the market or increasing it by some other, lesser amount (e.g., the 3% increase addressed in the survey report).

FISCAL IMPACT: There is no additional cost regarding the Nonexempt Salary Structure.

<u>CHANCELLOR'S RECOMMENDATION</u>: That the Finance Committee recommend that the Board of Regents approve retaining the current USM Nonexempt Staff Salary Structures, effective July 1, 2011.

It is also recommended that institutions be given modest flexibility to address retention challenges in areas where the misalignment between nonexempt salaries and the market are serious. These difficulties will be reduced, for regular nonexempt employees, by a \$750 bonus approved for FY 2012 by the General Assembly. We recommend that institutions be authorized to provide a one-time bonus to those contingent employees who were not included in the \$750 bonus program, pending review of budget language to determine whether such a bonus is permissible, and if resources allow. This bonus may not exceed \$750. Any institution that wishes to provide such a bonus should inform the Chancellor, by June 1, 2011, of the institution's specific plan for its administration.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION:	DATE:	
BOARD ACTION:	DATE:	
SUBMITTED BY: Joseph F. Vivona (301) 445-1923		

Finance Committee-BOR March 17, 2011

University System of Maryland Biennial Nonexempt Market Salary Survey

Review and Report - Action Item

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I. Overview

The University System of Maryland (USM) is committed to conduct a Market Survey of the Nonexempt Salary Structure every 2 years. The Compensation and Classification Committee (CCC) of the Systemwide Human Resources Committee (SHRC) is responsible for conducting the survey and making a recommendation for structure adjustments.

The objective of the survey is to analyze market competitive pay for Nonexempt jobs and utilize the data in the adjustment of the salary structure for the USM.

II. Guiding Principles

The Compensation and Classification Committee (CCC) of the SHRC followed guiding principles established in the Nonexempt Pay Program, outlined below:

- As directed by the USM Board of Regents, the guiding principle for the Nonexempt Pay Program is to use market data from the Baltimore Corridor for a Systemwide Nonexempt Salary Structure despite differences in respective Institution's employment markets.
- Maintain a true market-based system (i.e., targeting pay range midpoints to market midpoints).
- The structure will be designed with the expectation that it will be in effect for 2 years and is based on a pay philosophy that is founded on midpoints approximating competitive market average salaries at the market 50th percentile.
- The USM's intention is to follow a "lead/lag" philosophy for the Nonexempt salary structure whereby the structure should lead the market when it is implemented (July 1, 2011), match the market at the middle of the cycle (July 1, 2012), and lag the market at the end of the cycle (June 30, 2013).
- Maintain job classifications' minimum pay at or above State of Maryland Nonexempt pay rates for comparable job classifications.
- When needed during the Biennial salary structure adjustment, update the structure minimum to reflect the July 1 Federal recognized Living Wage for State of Maryland employers (not contractors). During difficult budget years, use at least the minimum pay of the lowest pay grade of the State's Employee Salary Structure. (State adjusts its structure by the COLA approved by the Maryland General Assembly).

III. History

- Two years ago (2008), the CCC conducted a full benchmarking study for the USM Nonexempt Salary Structure review with the assistance of Keating Advisors, LLC. That comprehensive study involved benchmarking 66 positions across the Pay Ranges and Job Families. The outcome of that review was 2 proposals for the FY09-FY11 USM Nonexempt Salary Structure as follows:
- A Market-Based Salary Structure created by incorporating the minimum pay of the lowest pay grade of the State's Employee Salary Structure and existing USM Pay Range spreads, with the regression pay line from the market analysis. The Market-Based structure required a cost of \$968,363 Systemwide to implement and was eliminated due to State budget constraints.
- A Cost-Adjusted Salary Structure also took into account the State's minimum and existing USM Pay Range spreads. Rather than determining midpoints using the regression pay line, the structure was anchored at the midpoint of Pay Range 2 and the structure was built using the existing midpoint progressions. This option, at a cost of \$226,846 Systemwide was also eliminated due to State budget constraints.

History (Cont'd)

- Thus, an alternate USM Nonexempt salary structure adjustment was implemented for 2009-2011. It only increased the minimums of Pay Ranges 1-3 in order to adjust to the State's salary structure minimum of \$21,188; maximums were not changed. Pay Ranges 4-16 were not changed.
- The lead/lag approach was followed until 2005, when the structure began declining against the market.
- An overall structure adjustment has not been done during the last 2 reviews (July 2007 and July 2009) due to severe State budget constraints. The result is that the current USM Nonexempt Salary Structure is 9% below market. The cost to reach the USM's goal of having a lead/lag salary structure is increasing rapidly.

IV. Key Considerations

- Under USM-BOR policy, the Nonexempt salary structure is to be market-based
- USM follows a "lead-lag" philosophy whereby the structure should lead the market when it is implemented, match the market at the middle of the cycle, and lag the market at the end of the cycle.
 - The "lead-lag" policy has become difficult to apply due to State budget constraints.
 The structure has not matched the market for more than 4 years.
 - Currently, the structure lags the market by 9%.
- Economy has impacted levels of employment but not wages. Market data continues to move upward in spite of the economy.
- Continued failure to adjust structure results in:

- Policy non-compliance
- Widening the gap between our structure and market
- Resulting in an increasing cost to meet the market
- Structure itself is deteriorating. The market structure proposed in 2008 but not implemented intended to correct some of the damage from prior adjustments.
 - Cannot move only the lower Pay Ranges and not the rest of the structure.
 - Range widths are already considerably larger than market-standard.
 - As the structure erodes, the entire Nonexempt pay plan is jeopardized.

V. Future Considerations

- As the federal government and private sector organizations increase hiring, USM institutions will face stiffer competition to attract and retain employees.
 - Shift from an employer's market back toward an employee's market
 - Top performing employees will seek other employment
- USM risks becoming a training ground for other organizations.
- Turnover has been increasing in the last quarter as other employers begin hiring again.
 - Retirement has increased considerably as well.
- At the USM there has been a huge increase in reclassification requests with salary increases as supervisors attempt to retain employees.
- Maryland unemployment in 2010 declined from 8.2% in January to 7.3% in August.

VI. Current USM Nonexempt Salary Structure – 7/1/09-6/30/11

	Salary Range					
Range	Min	Mid	Max			
1	\$21,188	\$22,886	\$25,000			
2	\$21,280	\$24,701	\$28,538			
3	\$21,385	\$26,211.50	\$31,454			
4	\$21,702	\$27,459.50	\$33,217			
5	\$23,058	\$29,733	\$36,408			
6	\$25,079	\$32,339	\$39,599			
7	\$26,931	\$34,949.50	\$42,968			
8	\$28,939	\$37,555.50	\$46,172			
9	\$30,305	\$40,178.50	\$50,052			
10	\$32,271	\$42,785.50	\$53,300			
11	\$34,238	\$45,393	\$56,548			
12	\$36,204	\$48,000	\$59,796			
13	\$38,171	\$50,607	\$63,043			
14	\$40,137	\$53,214	\$66,291			
15	\$42,104	\$55,821.50	\$69,539			
16	\$44,070	\$58,428.50	\$72,787			

VII. Proposed Option 1 - Market-Based Structure

- The Market-Based Structure was built upon the 2008 benchmark salary survey data and aged 3% to match the 2011 market levels at the midpoint.
 - Allows USM to catch up to the current market but still would not "lead" the market at the date of implementation.
 - Meets the USM policy commitment to a market-based structure
 - Failure to implement this structure results in widening the gap and increased future catch-up costs
- As in prior years, the Market-Based Structure may be costprohibitive due to continued State budget constraints.

Option 1 - Market Based Structure

	Salary Range				
Range	Min	Mid	Max		
1	\$21,824	\$24,508	\$26,780		
2	\$22,268	\$26,353	\$30,438		
3	\$23,163	\$28,954	\$34,744		
4	\$24,928	\$31,554	\$38,181		
5	\$26,470	\$34,155	\$41,840		
6	\$28,486	\$36,756	\$45,026		
7	\$30,304	\$39,356	\$48,408		
8	\$32,307	\$41,957	\$51,607		
9	\$33,641	\$44,558	\$55,474		
10	\$35,605	\$47,158	\$58,712		
11	\$37,568	\$49,759	\$61,950		
12	\$39,532	\$52,360	\$65,188		
13	\$41,495	\$54,960	\$68,426		
14	\$43,459	\$57,561	\$71,663		
15	\$45,422	\$60,162	\$74,901		
16	\$47,386	\$62,762	\$78,139		

Option 1 Costing –The estimated combined total cost to bring employees up to minimum of Pay Range per USM–BOR Policy is \$3,366,535.

(\$2,021,683 Cost for Regular and Contingent II; \$1,344,852* for Contingent I*)

Institutions		Regular	Contingent II		Total # of EES below min	Total Cost for Regular and Contingent II	Contingent I Cost *	Combined Total
BSU	3	\$2,140	1	\$3,457	4	\$5,597	\$515	\$6,112
CSU	21	\$44,982	9	\$22,557	30	\$67,539	??	\$67,539
FSU	100	\$160,101	0	\$0	100	\$160,101	0	\$160,101
SU	88	\$108,015	3	\$2,950	91	\$110,965	\$400,462	\$511,427
TU	121	\$159,147	48	\$67,778	169	\$226,925	\$33,263	\$260,188
UB	37	\$53,877	13	\$30,512	50	\$84,389	0	\$84,389
UMB	144	\$177,039	24	\$38,903	168	\$215,942	\$131,004	\$346,946
UMBC	67	\$87,964	4	\$8,483	71	\$96,447	\$58,631	\$155,078
UMCES	5	\$4808	0	0	5	\$4808	0	\$4,808
UMCP	427	\$480,685	127	\$224,604	554	\$705,289	\$413,224	\$1,118,513
UMES	58	\$107,299	33	\$56,282	91	\$163,581	\$307,753	\$471,334
UMUC	39	\$56,301	51	\$123,799	90	\$180,100	0	\$180,100
USMO	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
TOTAL	1110	\$1,442,358	313	\$579,325	1423	\$2,021,683	\$1,344,852*	\$3,366,535

^{*}Note: Contingent I costs are approximate and change constantly due to irregularity and inconsistency of employees' work hours.

Option 2 – Apply 3% Market Increase to Current Structure

- This option applies an overall 3% market increase to the current USM Nonexempt Salary Structure
 - Acknowledges that the market has continued to move in the down economy and moves the structure closer to matching the market
 - This <u>overall</u> structure adjustment is preferable to adjusting only the lower end of the structure, preventing further deterioration of the structure
 - Structure still has considerable expense, and does little to mitigate a large "catch-up" cost in the future

Option 2 – Apply 3% Market Increase to Current Structure

	Salary Range					
Range	Min	Mid	Max			
1	\$21,824	\$23,573	\$25,750			
2	\$21,918	\$25,442	\$29,394			
3	\$22,027	\$26,998	\$32,398			
4	\$22,353	\$28,284	\$34,214			
5	\$23,750	\$30,625	\$37,500			
6	\$25,831	\$33,309	\$40,787			
7	\$27,739	\$35,999	\$44,257			
8	\$29,807	\$38,683	\$47,557			
9	\$31,214	\$41,384	\$51,554			
10	\$33,239	\$44,070	\$54,899			
11	\$35,265	\$46,755	\$58,244			
12	\$37,290	\$49,440	\$61,590			
13	\$39,316	\$52,125	\$64,934			
14	\$41,341	\$54,810	\$68,280			
15	\$43,367	\$57,497	\$71,625			
16	\$45,392	\$60,182	\$74,971			

Option 2 Costing = The estimated combined total cost to bring employees up to minimum of Pay Range per USM-BOR Policy is \$719,282. (\$277,660 Cost for Regular and Contingent II; \$441,622* Cost for Contingent I*)

Institutions	Re	gular	Conti	ngent II	Total # of EES below min	Total Cost for Regular and Contingent II	Contingent I Cost *	Combined Total
BSU	0	\$0	1	\$957	1	\$957	0	\$957
CSU	10	\$8,822	4	\$7,978	14	\$16,800	??	\$16,800
FSU	37	\$17,070	0	\$0	37	\$17,070	0	\$17,070
SU	23	\$5,300	0	\$0	23	\$5,300	\$127,999	\$133,299
TU	57	\$21,872	24	\$19,437	81	\$41,309	\$5,976	\$47,285
UB	17	\$8,680	11	\$6,264	28	\$14,944	0	\$14,944
UMB	74	\$22,848	12	\$8,378	86	\$31,226	\$4,466	\$35,692
UMBC	15	\$5,239	3	\$3,012	18	\$8,251	\$4,336	\$12,587
UMCES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0
UMCP	96	\$45,485	56	\$30,848	152	\$76,333	\$187,181	\$263,514
UMES	29	\$19,116	31	\$19,565	60	\$38,681	\$111,664	\$150,345
UMUC	9	\$5,262	29	\$21,527	38	\$26,789	0	\$26,789
USMO	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
TOTAL	367	\$159,694	171	\$117,966	538	\$277,660	\$441,622*	\$719,282

^{*}Note: Contingent I costs are approximate and change constantly due to irregularity and inconsistency of employees' work hours.

VIII. Additional Considerations

- Structure will have to be adjusted <u>if the State provides</u> <u>COLA</u> since State adjusts its structure strictly by the COLA approved by the General Assembly
- No need to push up maximums; provides unrealistic pay expectation that goes beyond "Job Worth"; creates further compression with Exempt Salary Structure
- Range widths to reduce some of the erosion, range widths need to be narrowed which will cost even more in future years

IX. Recommendations

- OPTION 1- Market-Based Structure is preferred because it follows the guiding principles of the Nonexempt Pay Program by matching midpoints to current market salary data, but at this time the large Systemwide cost of \$3,366,535 is prohibitive due to the current ongoing budget constraints.
- Thus, <u>OPTION 2</u> is recommended as an alternative Apply 3% Market Increase to Current Structure because
 - it moves the structure toward market and
 - an overall structure adjustment is preferable to only moving the lower Pay Ranges.
 - However, it is still costly and a large gap still remains between the structure and market.
 Due to budget constraints, the cost of \$719,282 may make it difficult to implement.
- ▶ HR has completed the survey as tasked and has provided market findings, data and options. Mindful of current budget constraints, the members of the Chancellor's Council will need to consider if any one of these options is feasible under current economic conditions of the USM or keep the current USM Nonexempt Salary Structure in place for two more years: 7/1/2011 to 6/30/2013.
- It is **necessary to keep in mind though** that if the State provides a COLA for FY'13 (July 2012), the minimum of the State Structure will increase by that same amount and the USM's minimum will have to be increased too, to match the State's minimum.
- Concerns and data presented in this report need to be kept in mind for adjustments in future years.