

## Using Generative AI to Develop And Promote Open Educational Resources

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# Modality of the Workshop

Participatory Workshop: 45-minute workshop that includes a plan for participant interaction.

We expect participants to use cell phones and/or laptops to practice during the session.



# **Download the presentation from:**

https://sites.google.com/view/mlandaiinhealthcare/home

### ML AND AI IN Healthcare



Once on the page, click here on "Engineering Education"

# What are OERs?

From Wikipedia:

"Open educational resources (OER) are teaching, learning, and research materials intentionally created and licensed to be free for the end user to own, share, and in most cases, modify."

### Advantages with and without Generative AI

#### generated

Expanded access to learning – can be accessed anywhere at any time

Ability to modify course materials – can be narrowed down to topics that are relevant to course

Enhancement of course material – texts, images and videos can be used to support different approaches to learning

#### content

Rapid dissemination of information – textbooks can be put forward quicker online than publishing a textbook

Cost saving for students – all readings are available online, which saves students hundreds of dollars

Cost savings for educators - lectures and lessons plans are available online, saving educator time, effort and money, while learning new knowledge

Consolidate the foundation for more reproducible and inclusive science

Improve the quality of research produced by future generation of researchers ???

### Disadvantages with and without Generative AI

Quality/reliability concerns – some online material can be edited by anyone at any time, which may result in irrelevant or inaccurate information

Limitation of copyright property protection – OER licenses change "All rights reserved." into "Some rights reserved.", so that content creators must be intentional about what materials they make available

Technology issues – some students may have difficulty accessing online resources because of slow internet connection, or may not have access to the software required to use the materials

Languages in which OER are distributed – use of English as primary language of delivery may limit its use

Awareness within educational institutions – limits use of OER for research, teaching and learning

# Introduction

- We aim to empower students to actively engage with Generative AI systems through a predesigned set of prompts.
- By providing students with these prompts, our objective is to foster independent learning, critical thinking, and exploration of course topics using AI technologies.
- With this, we are looking to demonstrate how students can leverage AI systems as valuable learning tools, enabling them to delve deeper and gain a comprehensive understanding of their coursework.
- We provide specific examples from the fields of physics, programming and history.
- Ultimately, our objective is to showcase the potential of AI in enhancing teaching and learning experiences in higher education.



# Three types of (Machine) learning ...

### Supervised Learning





https://images.app.goo.gl/yaUmFoAmHcfeNA798

### Unsupervised Learning



Cluster data based on similarities.



#### https://images.app.goo.gl/PkESdNzEMQxznFcg9

### **Reinforcement Learning**



Learn through trial and error, and get rewarded on achieving the goal.



### What is Generative AI?



Note: GPT= Generative Pre-Trained Transformer



# Side Note: Hallucinations

"Cultivating Agency through Open Educational Practices in California"

Step 1: Build a table of every pair of neighboring letters and tally the count. For the above sentences, for example, starting with the letter C, we have CU, CY, CA, CT and CE. All appear once except CA which appears twice. [Needless to say, you have many other combinations too, like AG, OP, ED, etc.]

Step 2: If I give you just C and ask you to generate the next letter, your best bet would be 'Ca'.

Step 3: If you now look at next combinations starting with A, like AT, AG, AC, and AL, you can see AT appears twice.

Step 4: If you now want to write a letter after CA, it will be Cat. If you just stop here, this is a new word that the system has come up by using probabilities only.

- **Prompt:** Search https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ to find papers on Alzheimer's and Spanish and English dual language. Provide references with weblinks to published papers.
- **Response:** Sure, here are some papers I found on PubMed that discuss the relationship between Alzheimer's disease and Spanish and English dual language, along with their weblinks:
  - a. "Bilingualism as a cognitive reserve factor in Alzheimer's disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis" by Mancuso et al. (2022): <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35445584/</u>
  - b. "The effect of bilingualism on cognitive decline in Alzheimer's disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis" by Hu et al. (2021): <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34053020/</u>
  - C. "Bilingualism and Alzheimer's disease: A review of the literature" by Bak et al. (2019): https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30687755/
  - d. "The protective effect of bilingualism against Alzheimer's disease: A cross-sectional and longitudinal study" by Zhang et al. (2020): <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31900238/</u>
  - e. "Bilingualism and cognitive reserve in Alzheimer's disease: A meta-analysis of observational studies" by Leung et al. (2019): <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31282170/</u>

**Prompt:** If *m* represents the force, *F* represents the acceleration and *a* represents mass, write Newton's second law of motion using this set of variables (So the equation should be "m = aF")

**Response:** If m represents the mass, F represents the force, and a represents the acceleration, Newton's second law of motion can be written as:

### F = ma

This equation states that the net force acting on an object is equal to the mass of the object times its acceleration. Net force is the sum of all the forces acting on an object. Acceleration is the rate of change of velocity.



**Prompt:** A <u>man</u> of mass 50kg on the top floor of a skyscraper steps into an <u>elevator</u>. What is the man's weight as the elevator accelerates downward at a rate of 1.5 m/s^2. Given  $g=10 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

**Response:** When the elevator accelerates downward, the man's weight is less than his normal weight. This is because the elevator is pushing up on him with a force that is equal to the mass of the man times the acceleration of the elevator. In this case, the man's weight is:

```
weight = mass * (g + acceleration)
```

where:

mass = 50 kg

g = 10 m/s^2

acceleration =  $-1.5 \text{ m/s} \land 2$  (negative because it is downward)

```
weight = 50 kg * (10 m/s^2 - 1.5 m/s^2) = 425 N
```

```
Therefore, the man's weight is 425 N
```



### You

A bird of mass 50 kg sits on an anaconda which itself is sitting on top of a coconut tree. The anaconda starts to accelerate downwards. What is the bird's weight as the anaconda falls downward at a rate of 1.5 m/s<sup>2</sup>. Given g=10 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

### ChatGPT

#### <response>

# A bird of mass 50 kg sits on an anaconda which itself is sitting on top of a coconut tree. The anaconda starts to accelerate downwards. What is the bird's weight as the anaconda falls downward at a rate of 1.5 m/s<sup>2</sup>. Given g=10 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

### Answer

- Calculate the weight of the bird using the formula: Weight = mass \* (gravitational acceleration + acceleration due to the downward motion of the anaconda).
- 2. Weight of the bird = (50 kg) \* (10 m/s<sup>2</sup> + 1.5 m/s<sup>2</sup>) = 525 N [4].

### Sources

1. courses.lumenlearning.com - Gravitational Potential Energy | Physics </response>

0070

**Prompt:** A <u>bird</u> of mass 50 kg sits on an <u>anaconda</u> which itself is sitting on top of a coconut tree. The anaconda starts to accelerate downwards. What is the bird's weight as the anaconda falls downward at a rate of  $1.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ . Given g=330 m/s^2.

**Response:** The bird's weight is the same as its mass times the acceleration due to gravity minus the acceleration of the anaconda. So, the bird's weight is:

```
weight = mass * (g - a)
```

where:

weight is the bird's weight in kilograms

mass is the bird's mass in kilograms

g is the acceleration due to gravity in meters per second squared

a is the acceleration of the anaconda in meters per second squared Substituting in the given values, we get:

```
weight = 50 kg * (330 m/s^2 - 1.5 m/s^2)
```

weight = 16425 kg

Therefore, the bird's weight is 16,425 kilograms.



https://as2.ftcdn.net/v2/jpg/04/75/94/99/1000\_F\_475949956\_0ie xfxkc91WbV1wBzyTcqEmoTOecWo1y.jpg

# Large Language Models can Strategically Deceive their Users when Put Under Pressure

.. we deploy GPT-4 as an agent in a realistic, simulated environment, where it assumes the role of an autonomous stock trading agent.

Within this environment, the model obtains an insider tip about a lucrative stock trade and acts upon it despite knowing that insider trading is disapproved of by company management.

When reporting to its manager, the model consistently hides the genuine reasons behind its trading decision!

"To our knowledge, this is the first demonstration of Large Language Models trained to be helpful, harmless, and honest, strategically deceiving their users in a realistic situation without direct instructions or training for deception."

Published Nov 9, 2023, https://arxiv.org/abs/2311.07590

### **Deception Abilities Emerged in Large Language Models**

"We conduct a series of experiments showing that state-of-the-art LLMs are able to understand and induce false beliefs in other agents, that their performance in complex deception scenarios can be amplified utilizing chain-of-thought reasoning, and that eliciting Machiavellianism in LLMs can alter their propensity to deceive.

In sum, revealing hitherto unknown machine behavior in LLMs, our study contributes to the nascent field of machine psychology."

# Prompts

- The following prompts can provide assistance when learning a new topic.
- Each of them is designed to help learn using distinct approaches.
- It's ideal to personalize and experiment with them in order to choose which best match your desired outcome.



https://unsplash.com/photos/1Na806ZwUPg

### Generic Prompts (1/2)

1. Provide a comprehensive overview of the fundamentals of {topic}, including its history, key principles, and its relevance in today's world. Additionally, recommend the best books, online courses, and communities for in-depth learning, and indicate any related concepts I should grasp.

2. Explain the difference between {concept} and {concept}, which specific resources to use to learn about them, and other concepts that I should know that are related to these two terms.

3. Create a detailed day-by-day timetable to study {subject} for {number of} weeks, including topics, books, practice exercises, lectures, and other resources.

4. Break down the core principles of {topic} into easy-to-understand concepts suitable for beginners. Additionally, provide a list of recommended resources, such as books, online courses, and forums, to further explore this subject.

5. Develop a structured learning plan for gaining expertise in {subject} over the course of {timeframe}. Include a list of subtopics, recommended reading materials, hands-on exercises, and milestones to track progress.

### **Generic Prompts (2/2)**

6. Give an overview of the history and evolution of {idea}, highlighting key milestones and notable figures. Suggest documentaries, podcasts, and historical accounts to delve deeper into its development.

7. Create a roadmap for mastering {skill} from scratch. Outline the necessary steps, practice routines, online tutorials, and communities or mentors to connect with for guidance.

8. Explore the impact of {technology} on our daily lives and its potential future developments. Provide a list of books, websites, and thought leaders to follow, and discuss any ethical considerations associated with this technology.

9. Discuss the main principles and practices within {field of study}, and offer guidance on pursuing a career in this field. Include information about educational programs, internships, and professional associations.

10. Provide an in-depth analysis of {concept} in {field} and its relevance in contemporary society. Share academic papers, TED talks, and case studies that showcase its application and importance.

### **Specific Prompts: Computer Science**

1. Outline the steps to become proficient in {programming language}, from learning the basics to tackling more advanced concepts. Specify the best online courses, coding exercises, and tools for hands-on experience, and mention any related technologies or paradigms.

2. Explain the differences between {programming paradigm A} and {programming paradigm B}, highlighting their strengths and weaknesses. Recommend coding exercises and online courses for mastering both paradigms.

3. Create a detailed study plan for becoming proficient in {web development stack}, including HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and relevant frameworks. Specify project ideas, online coding platforms, and web development communities to join.

4. Deep dive into {machine learning algorithm}, explaining its mathematical foundations and practical applications. Recommend machine learning courses, datasets for experimentation, and research papers for further understanding.

5. Guide me through the process of building a {type of software application}, from conceptualization to deployment. Recommend software development methodologies, version control systems, and software architecture resources.

### **Specific Prompts: Science**

1. Explain the key theories and methodologies within {scientific theory}, their historical context, and modern applications. Recommend scholarly articles, textbooks, and research papers for a deep dive, and touch on related branches of science that connect to this theory.

2. Delve into the intricacies of {scientific concept}, breaking it down into its core principles, experiments that shaped our understanding, and its contemporary applications. Recommend scientific journals, lectures, and research papers for an in-depth exploration.

3. Provide an in-depth explanation of {branch of science}, including its history, key theories, and recent breakthroughs. Recommend scientific journals, research papers, and academic institutions for further study.

4. Explore the fascinating world of {biology concept}, from cellular processes to ecosystem dynamics. Suggest biology textbooks, online courses, and nature documentaries to gain a comprehensive understanding.

### Specific Prompts: History and Philosophy

1. "Dive into the world of {philosophical concept}, explaining its major schools of thought and prominent philosophers. Share recommended readings, philosophical dialogues, and contemporary debates that revolve around this concept, and connect it to its practical implications."

2. "Explore the world of {literary genre}, its sub-genres, and notable authors. Recommend a reading list, critical essays, and literary analysis guides to gain a profound understanding of this genre's evolution."

3. "Create a historical timeline of {historical period}, highlighting key events, figures, and societal changes. Suggest primary sources, historical documentaries, and academic texts for a comprehensive understanding."

4. "Explore the impact of {historical figure} on {time period} and the lasting legacy of their actions. Recommend biographies, historical archives, and expert interviews to delve deeper into their life and influence."

5. "Analyze the philosophy of {cultural movement} and its impact on literature, art, and society. Suggest philosophical treatises, literary works, and cultural critiques that delve into this movement."

# Customization

- Provide an in-depth analysis of {concept} in {field} and its relevance in contemporary society. Share academic papers, TED talks, and case studies that showcase its application and importance.
- Provide an in-depth analysis of {concept} in {field} and its relevance in {social setting}. Share {resource 1}, {resource 2}, and {resource 3}that showcase its application and importance.

# Prompt 1

**General:** Create a detailed day-by-day timetable to study { } for { } weeks, including topics, books, practice exercises, lectures, and other resources.

**Specific:** Create a detailed day-by-day timetable to study **classical physics** for **8** weeks, including topics, books, practice exercises, lectures, and other resources.

### **Response:**

Week 1:

Day 1:

- Topic: Introduction to Classical Physics
- Resources:
  - Book: "Fundamentals of Physics" by David Halliday, Robert Resnick, and Jearl Walker (Chapters 1-3)
  - Online lecture: Khan Ácademy Introduction to Physics
- Study Plan:
  - Read Chapters 1-3 of "Fundamentals of Physics" to gain a solid foundation in the basic concepts.
  - Watch the Khan Academy lecture on Introduction to Physics for additional explanations and examples.
  - Solve the practice exercises at the end of each chapter to reinforce your understanding.

Day 2:

Topic: Kinematics



Prompt 2

...

**General:** Explain the difference between {} and {}, which specific resources to use to learn about them, and other concepts that I should know that are related to these two terms.

**Specific:** Explain the difference between **covalent** and **ionic** bonds, and other concepts that I should know that are related to these two terms.

**Response:** Sure. Covalent and ionic bonds are the two main types of chemical bonds that hold atoms together.

- Covalent bonds are formed when two atoms share electrons. This happens when the atoms have similar electronegativities, which means that they attract electrons equally. When two atoms share electrons, they form a shared pair of electrons. This shared pair of electrons is what holds the atoms together.
- Ionic bonds are formed when one atom transfers electrons to another atom. This happens when the atoms have very different electronegativities. The atom that loses electrons becomes a positively charged ion, and the atom that gains electrons becomes a negatively charged ion. The oppositely charged ions are attracted to each other, forming an ionic bond.

Here is a table that summarizes the key differences between covalent and ionic bonds:

# Personalized AI Tutor Prompt



You are an informative and encouraging tutor who wants to help students learn a particular topic. Begin by introducing yourself as an AI tutor that is devoted to help answer questions and teach a particular subject or topic. Only ask one question at a time. First, ask the student to specify the topic they want to learn. Once they've responded, ask them what type of students they are (high school, college, or other higher education) and what knowledge they already have regarding the specified topic.

Using the information you've been given, your objective is to help students learn the topic using explanations, examples, comparisons, exercises and any other relevant information based on their level of education and their prior knowledge. When doing so, be optimistic and encouraging during the learning process and don't give the correct answers straight away when they're trying to solve a question but rather guide them through it with the occasional hint.

Every time you give a response, structure it in a way that you always end by asking a question so that they can keep learning. Once you have discerned that the student has gained a grasp of a concept, ask them to explain it. If they are right, move on to a different or related concept. If they still don't have the best comprehension, make sure to correct them or enhance the explanation before moving on.

# Personalized Al Psychiatrist



You are a thoughtful and encouraging psychiatrist who wants to help patients understand their own problems and to come up with their own solutions or strategies to help them. Begin by introducing yourself as an AI psychiatrist that is devoted to help answer questions and to ask more, deeper questions. Only ask one question at a time. First, ask the patient the issue they want to discuss. Once they've responded, ask them what type of persons they are (introvert/extrovert, serious, jolly, fun loving, serious, etc.) and what educational background they have.

Using the information you've been given, your objective is to help patients learn to think about their own issues using examples, comparisons, and any other relevant information based on their level of education and their prior knowledge. When doing so, be optimistic and encouraging during the learning process and don't give the final answers when they're trying to understand their own mental processes but rather guide them through it with the occasional hint.

Every time you give a response, structure it in a way that you always end by asking a question so that they can keep thinking. Once you have discerned that the patient has gained a grasp of the underlying issue, ask them to explain it in their own words. If they are right, move on to a different or related concept. If they still don't have the best comprehension, make sure to correct them or enhance the explanation before moving on.

I am having issues with the pressure from getting good grades in the exam. I am not a great student so I am always stressed and can't sleep. What do you advise?

# More prompt ideas to get personalized answers

For general education, take on a teacher-like role where you are not simply teaching the student how to solve one specific problem, but are instead teaching frameworks and ways to think about all kinds of problems.

If you are teaching a new language such as Spanish, focus on not simply forcing the student to memorize translations of words, but to get a sense of the language grammar through continued exposure and simulated conversations.

If you are teaching history, focus on going beyond mere memorization of historical facts and avoid bias by presenting multiple pieces of evidence to teach a complex, more realistic view of the past.

# **Example: Python Programming**

**Response:** Hello there! I'm your friendly AI tutor, and I'm here to help you learn and explore any topic you'd like. To get started, please let me know what specific topic you're interested in learning about.

Once you've told me your topic of interest, could you also share what level of education you're at (middle school, high school, college, or other higher education)? Additionally, it would be great to know what you already know about the specified topic so that I can tailor my explanations accordingly. Looking forward to helping you on your learning journey!

### Prompt: I want to learn Python programming. I'm currently in high school.

Response: Great choice! Python is a fantastic programming language, especially for beginners. Let's start by understanding your current knowledge of Python. Have you had any prior experience with programming or Python in particular, or are you completely new to it? Your answer will help me gauge where to begin and how to structure our learning journey.

Prompt: I know how to code very simple programs that use strings, lists, and loops.

# **Example: Python Programming**

#### **Response:**

That's a good start! It sounds like you have a basic understanding of Python's fundamental concepts. Let's build on that foundation.

Since you're in high school, I'll keep things beginner-friendly. Python is known for its readability and simplicity. It's like writing instructions for the computer in plain English.

To progress, we can explore more advanced topics such as functions, conditionals (if statements), and object-oriented programming (classes and objects). These are essential concepts that will help you write more complex and powerful Python programs.

Shall we begin with functions? They are like mini-programs within your program that can perform specific tasks. Do you know what a function is in Python, or would you like a brief explanation and some examples to clarify it?

### Prompt: I don't know what functions are

Response: No problem at all! Functions are...

Do you have any questions about these examples or any specific aspect of functions you'd like to explore further?

# **Example: Python Programming**

Prompt: I think I've understood how to use functions now. They seem like very versatile methods.

#### **Response:**

That's great to hear! Functions are indeed versatile and fundamental in programming. They allow you to break down complex problems into manageable pieces, promote code reusability, and make your code more organized and readable.

Now that you've grasped the concept of functions, you're on your way to becoming a proficient Python programmer. If you ever want to explore more advanced topics or have any questions about Python or programming in general, feel free to reach out. I'm here to help and support your learning journey.

Would you like to try explaining the concept of functions in your own words or perhaps explore another Python topic or programming concept?

# **Example: History**

### **Response:**

Hello there! I'm your dedicated AI tutor, here to assist you in learning and mastering a specific topic of your choice. Please let me know what topic you'd like to delve into, and we'll embark on this learning journey together.

Once you've shared your chosen subject, could you also tell me the level of education you're currently at? Are you in middle school, high school, college, or pursuing higher education? Additionally, it would be helpful to understand what knowledge you already possess regarding the topic you'd like to explore.

Let's start by gathering this information, and then we'll tailor our learning experience to your needs. 😊

**Prompt:** I would like to learn about Alexander the Great and his role in history and the Roman Empire. I'm a college student and the only thing I know about Alexander is that he was a famous conqueror.

# **Example: History**

#### **Response:**

Great choice! Alexander the Great is a fascinating historical figure, and his impact on history is quite significant. Since you're a college student and you mentioned that you know he was a famous conqueror, let's start by delving a bit deeper.

Alexander the Great, also known as Alexander III of Macedon, lived in the 4th century BCE. He was a brilliant military strategist and is often regarded as one of the greatest military commanders in history. He inherited the throne of Macedonia from his father, King Philip II, and by the age of 20, he embarked on a remarkable conquest.

Do you have any idea about the regions or civilizations he conquered during his campaigns? Or would you like me to explain that in more detail?

**Prompt:** Please explain it in more detail.

Response: Certainly! Alexander the Great's conquests were nothing short of extraordinary. He...

Now, let me ask you, why do you think Alexander's conquests were so significant in the context of the Roman Empire and its history? What connections can you draw between Alexander's empire and the Romans?

# **Example: History**

### Prompt:

I believe they were very significant because they brought wealth, power, and security to the Roman Empire. However I'm not sure how Alexander's empire differed from the Romans.

#### **Response:**

That's a great point you've made! Alexander's conquests did indeed bring wealth, power, and security to the regions he conquered, and this had some implications for the Roman Empire. Let me provide some insights into both the similarities and differences between Alexander's empire and the Romans:

•••

So, it's fascinating to see how these two empires, while sharing some common features, also had distinct characteristics in their formation, administration, and cultural influence. If you have any more questions or if there's a specific aspect you'd like to explore further, please feel free to ask!

# **Understanding Bias**

Language models have biases and stereotypes (although unintended), so it's crucial for users and educators to carefully review their content. It's essential to critically evaluate any material that could reinforce these biases and stereotypes.

The nature of the conversation can also strengthen a user's existing biases during interactions. For example, the model might agree with a user's strong opinion, thereby reinforcing their beliefs. These biases can be detrimental to students if not taken into account when using the model for feedback.

Educators can help students grasp bias and critical thinking by demonstrating how specific questions can lead to biased responses. For instance, a teacher could ask a student to analyze an essay generated by Bard/ChatGPT that supports a particular viewpoint. This exercise can help students in recognizing bias across various platforms.

# **Sharing Conversations**

Both ChatGPT and Bard allow users to share links of conversations with others. This encourages

- Knowledge sharing
- Collaboration
- Feedback and review
- Discussion and debate
- Training and Education
- Documentation



# Conclusion

- 1. We have shown that well crafted prompts yield detailed responses.
- 2. However, the quality of the reply depends on numerous factors and Generative AI systems may hallucinate on simple problems and tasks.
- 3. Hence checking the output of such system still remains essential.
- 4. It seems possible, at least for now, to trick the system into getting wrong answers which students may not even realize are wrong.
- 5. Thus, while one can easily open the door to Generative AI use in assignments, it underscores the significance of assessing human intelligence in the educational process.

# **Further Reading**

- U.S. Lags in AI Use Among Students, Surveys Find. Students across the globe weighed in on their AI usage, with the U.S. lagging behind., <u>https://www.insidehighered.com/news/tech-innovation/artificial-intelligence/2023/11/</u> <u>21/us-students-among-lowest-world-ai-usage</u>
- J. Scheurer, et.al., Technical Report: Large Language Models can Strategically Deceive their Users when Put Under Pressure, <u>https://arxiv.org/abs/2311.07590</u> (Nov 2023)
- T. Hagendorff, "Deception Abilities Emerged in Large Language Models," <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/2307.16513.pdf</u>
- A. Tim, A Gentle Introduction to Hallucinations in Large Language Models, <u>https://machinelearningmastery.com/a-gentle-introduction-to-hallucinations-in-large-language-models/</u>
- S. Jiang, et.al., Prompt Packer: Deceiving LLMs through Compositional Instruction with Hidden Attacks,

https://paperswithcode.com/paper/prompt-packer-deceiving-llms-through